### Drug Information Sheet("Kusuri-no-Shiori")

Injection

Revised: 08/2023

The information on this sheet is based on approvals granted by the Japanese regulatory authority. Approval details may vary by country. Medicines have adverse reactions (risks) as well as efficacies (benefits). It is important to minimize adverse reactions and maximize efficacy. To obtain a better therapeutic response, patients should understand their medication and cooperate with the treatment.

### **Brand name:**Funguard 50mg for Infusion

Active ingredient: Micafungin sodium

Dosage form:injection

Imprint or print on wrapping:



#### Effects of this medicine

This medicine is an echinocandin antifungal agent which suppresses proliferation of fungi (a type of mold) by inhibiting the synthesis of fungal cell wall.

It is usually used to treat fungemia, respiratory mycosis and gastrointestinal mycosis caused by Aspergillus and Candida, and to prevent aspergillosis and candidiasis in patients undergoing hematopoietic stem cell transplantation.

# The following patients may need to be careful when using this medicine. Be sure to tell your doctor and pharmacist.

- •If you have previously experienced any allergic reactions (itch, rash, etc.) to any medicines or foods. If you have liver dysfunction.
- · If you are pregnant or breastfeeding.
- If you are taking any other medicinal products. (Some medicines may interact to enhance or diminish medicinal effects. Beware of over-the-counter medicines and dietary supplements as well as other prescription medicines.)

### Dosing schedule (How to take this medicine)

- Your dosing schedule prescribed by your doctor is()
- to be written by a healthcare professional))
- ${}^{\textstyle \bullet}$  In general, for a dults and children, administer by intravenous infusion once a day.
- Ask the doctor about the treatment span.

#### Precautions while taking this medicine

- •Since decrease of leucocytes or neutrophils, hemolytic anemia and decrease of platelets may occur, clinical tests will be periodically performed.
- ·Since liver dysfunction or jaundice may occur, liver function tests will be periodically performed.
- Since serious renal disorder such as acute kidney injury may occur, clinical tests will be periodically performed.

#### Possible adverse reactions to this medicine

The most commonly reported adverse reactions include rash, hypertension, palpitation, diarrhea, loose stool, phlebitis (local pain/swelling), arthritis, vascular pain, chills and headache. If any of these symptoms occur, consult with your doctor or pharmacist.

## The symptoms described below are rarely seen as initial symptoms of the adverse reactions indicated in brackets. If any of these symptoms occur, see your doctor immediately.

- •sore throat, symptoms of anemia, bleeding tendency [blood disorder]
- ·decreased blood pressure, abnormal sensation in the mouth, dyspnea [shock, anaphylaxis]
- •general malaise, loss of appetite, nausea/vomiting, yellowing of the skin and the white of eyes [liver dysfunction, jaundice]
- •decreased urine output, edema, general malaise [acute renal disorder]
- •fever, redness and swelling of the skin/mucosa with rash or blisters, conjunctival hyperemia [toxic epidermal necrolysis, oculomucocutaneous syndrome, erythema multiforme]

The above symptoms do not describe all the adverse reactions to this medicine. Consult with your doctor or pharmacist if you notice any symptoms of concern other than those listed above.

Storage conditions and other information

For healthcare professional use only	/ /		

For further information, talk to your doctor or pharmacist.